

# MARRYING UX AND DATA VISUALIZATION

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# AGENDA

Building a Design Team

Design Team and Process

User Persona Impact

Data Visualization Design

Conclusion

# BUILDING A DESIGN TEAM



# THE LEADING DATA & ANALYTICS PLATFORM FOR LIFE SCIENCES

- Remove the silos of enterprise data
- Rapidly improve data quality and timeliness
- Drastically reduce time-to-insight
- Generate and disseminate evidence-driven insights at scale





CLOUD DATA AND ANALYTICS PRODUCTS THAT DELIVER ENTERPRISE INSIGHT, SPEED, AND EFFICIENCY



**STRATA** Data Platform



**LUMEN** Insights Visualization



**QUANTUM** Real World Evidence



**NOVA** Patient Navigator



# DESIGN TEAM JOURNEY

TRANSFORMING AN ORGANIZATION WITH SOFTWARE

2012 - 2016

A Round 💰

What if we  
revamped  
Lumen? 🤔

B Round 💰

Product  
Team

2017

UX

UI

DV

2018

Medidata  
Merger! 🧐

Lumen Go  
Live ⚡

# DESIGN TEAM PHILOSOPHY

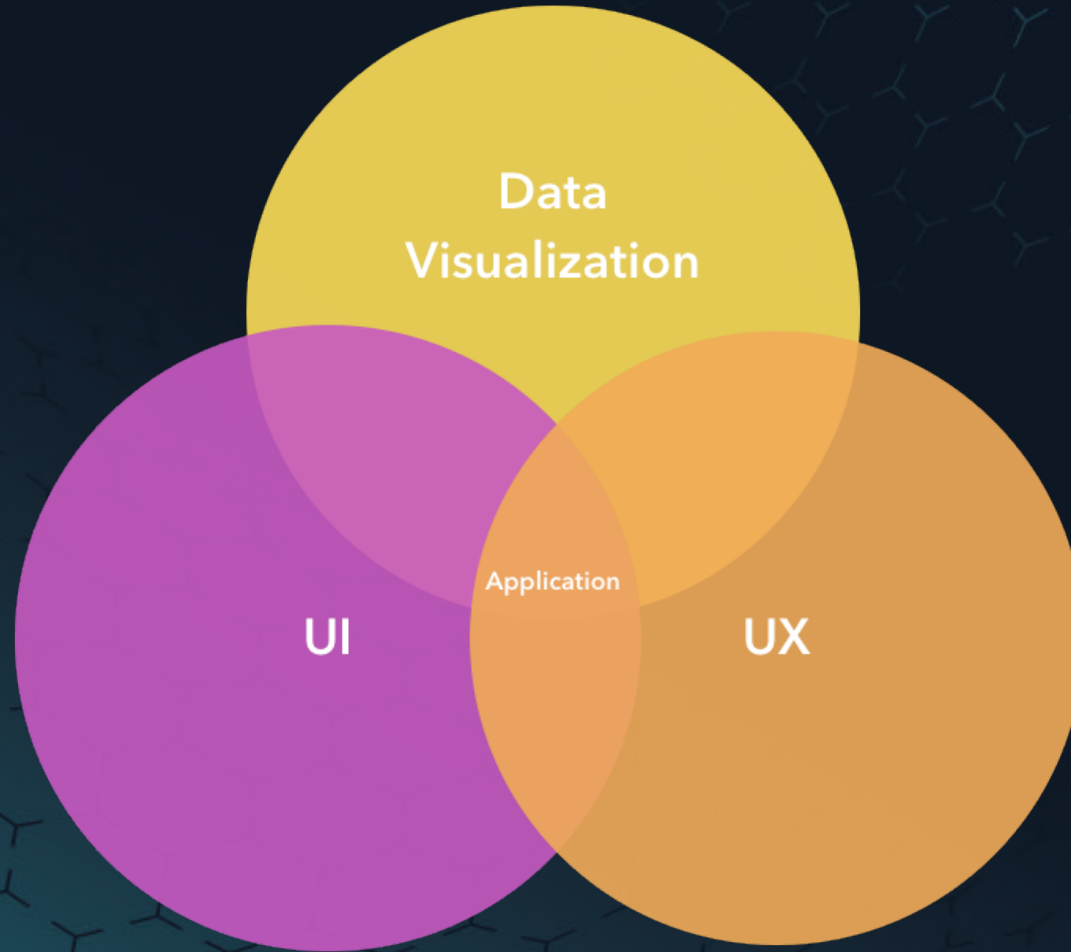
## FIVE PRINCIPLES FOR SHIPPING MAGICAL PRODUCTS

- ⋈ **Empathy** - “understand [user] needs better than any other company”
- ⋈ **Focus** - “eliminate all of the unimportant opportunities.”
- ⋈ **Competency** - craftsmanship to reach the last mile
- ⋈ **Users Before Buyers** - consumer apps as a benchmark
- ⋈ **Process** - operational discipline to iterate and ship quickly



# DESIGN TEAM AND PROCESS

# WHO ARE WE?



# WHAT IS A DATA VISUALIZATION DESIGNER?

## Background

- ⌞ Skilled in design methods, visual hierarchy and design systems
- ⌞ Deep understanding of analytical tasks

## Role

- ⌞ Propose creative solutions that meet business needs
- ⌞ Advocate for an analytically powerful application
- ⌞ Ensure good design practices
- ⌞ Serve as an ambassador to engineering (specifications, technical feasibility)



# DESIGN PROCESS



# DATA VISUALIZATION (DV)



Requirement  
Generation



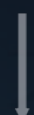
Design  
Prototypes



Interaction  
Design



Usability  
Testing



Design  
Iterations



Final  
Mockup

# USER PERSONA IMPACTS



# WHAT ARE WE BUILDING?

## Business-to-Business Market

- ⌵ Access to end-users is not easy

## Existing users

- ⌵ Users have expectations based on the old version of the application

## Variety of Customers

- ⌵ System should be responsive to different requirements

## Complicated features

- ⌵ Difficult to keep it intuitive for all users

# FOR WHOM ARE WE DESIGNING?

## FIELD USERS

- ⌘ iPad, iPhone

- ⌘ On the move (i.e., indoor, outdoor)

- ⌘ Need data to be explained to them

- ⌘ Interested in one product

## OFFICE USERS

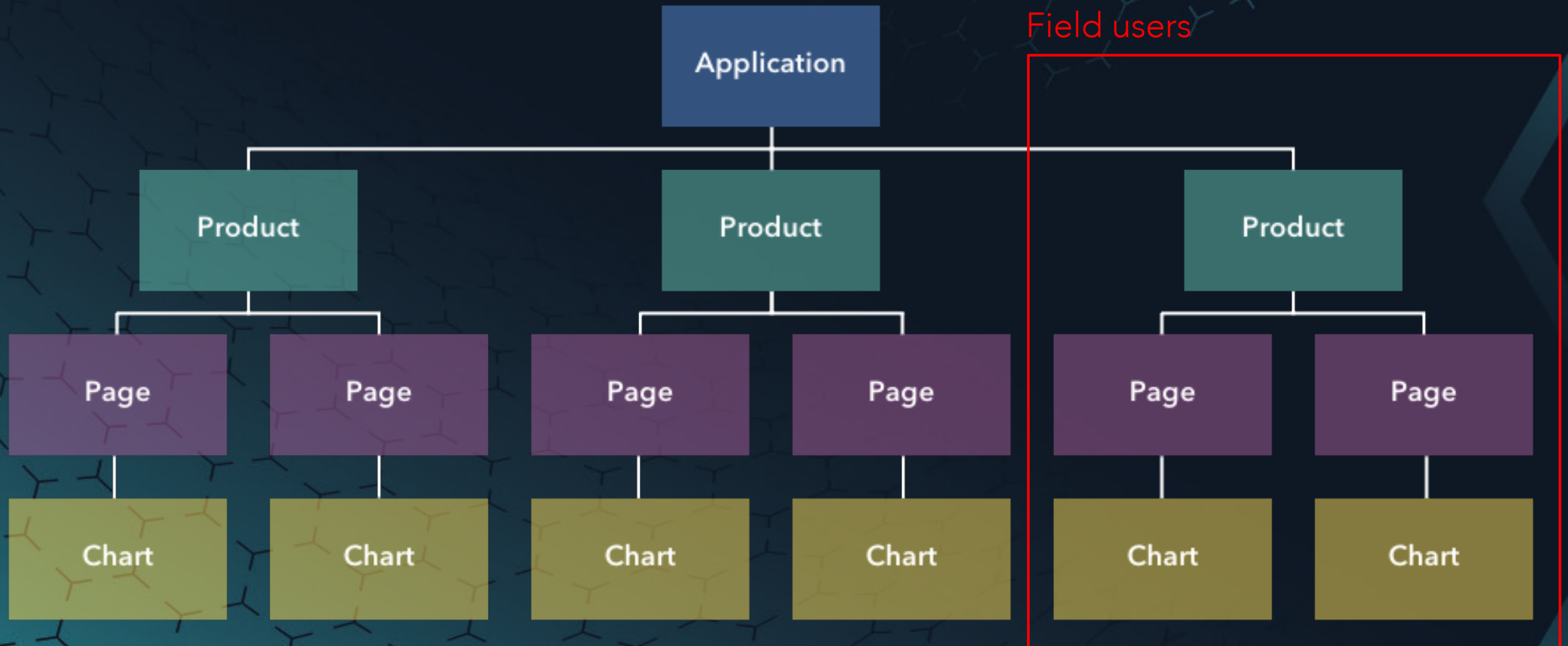
- ⌘ Desktop

- ⌘ Always in the office

- ⌘ Need to explore the data

- ⌘ Interested in more than one product

# PERSONA – NAVIGATION





# PERSONA – OVERVIEW vs. DETAIL

Overview of Visualizations

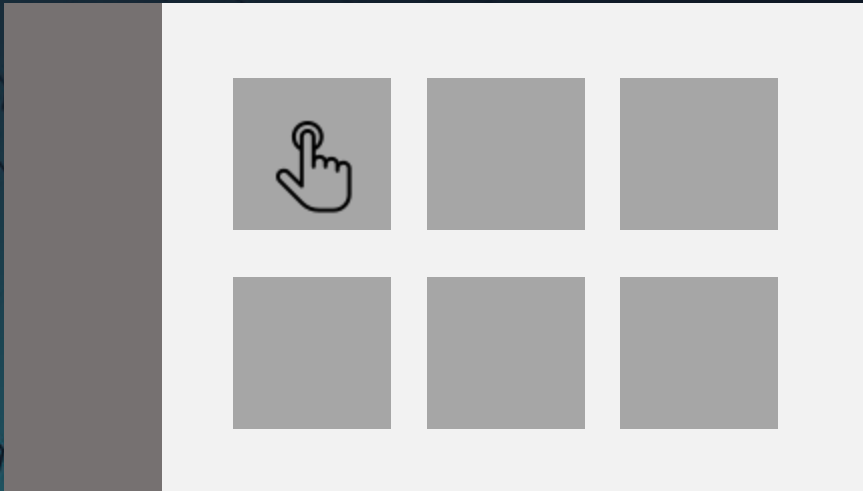
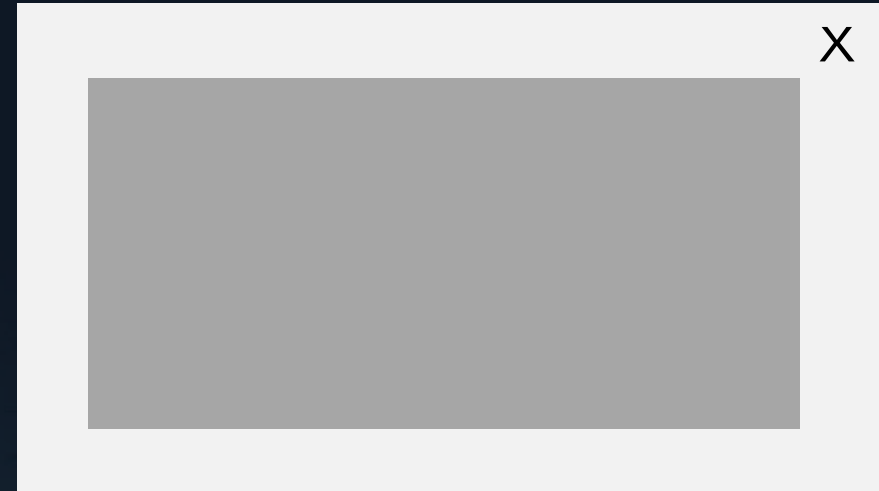
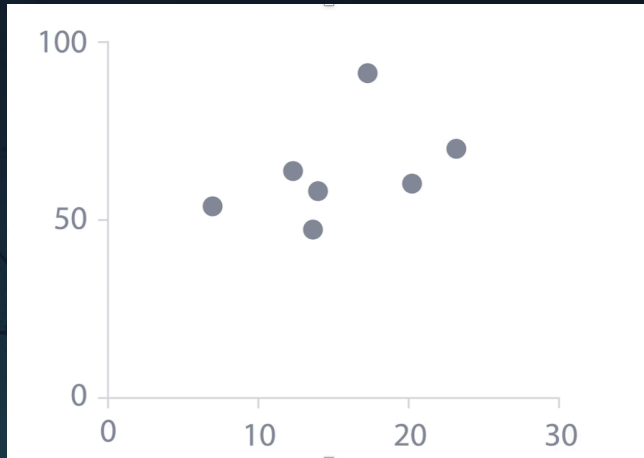


Chart Details



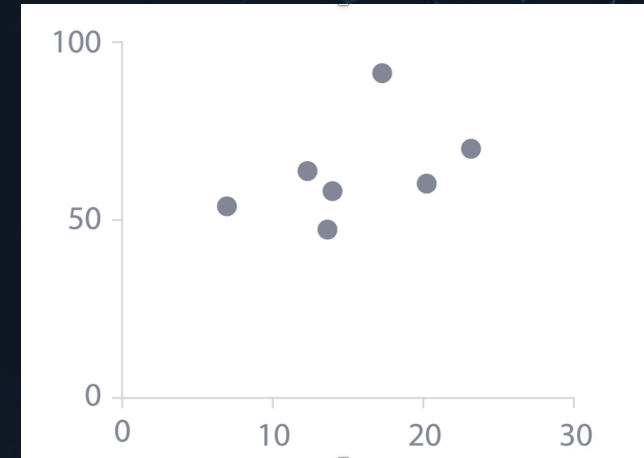
# PERSONA – EXPLORE vs. EXPLAIN

Field Users



- ⌘ Who should I call?
- ⌘ How am I doing?

Office Users



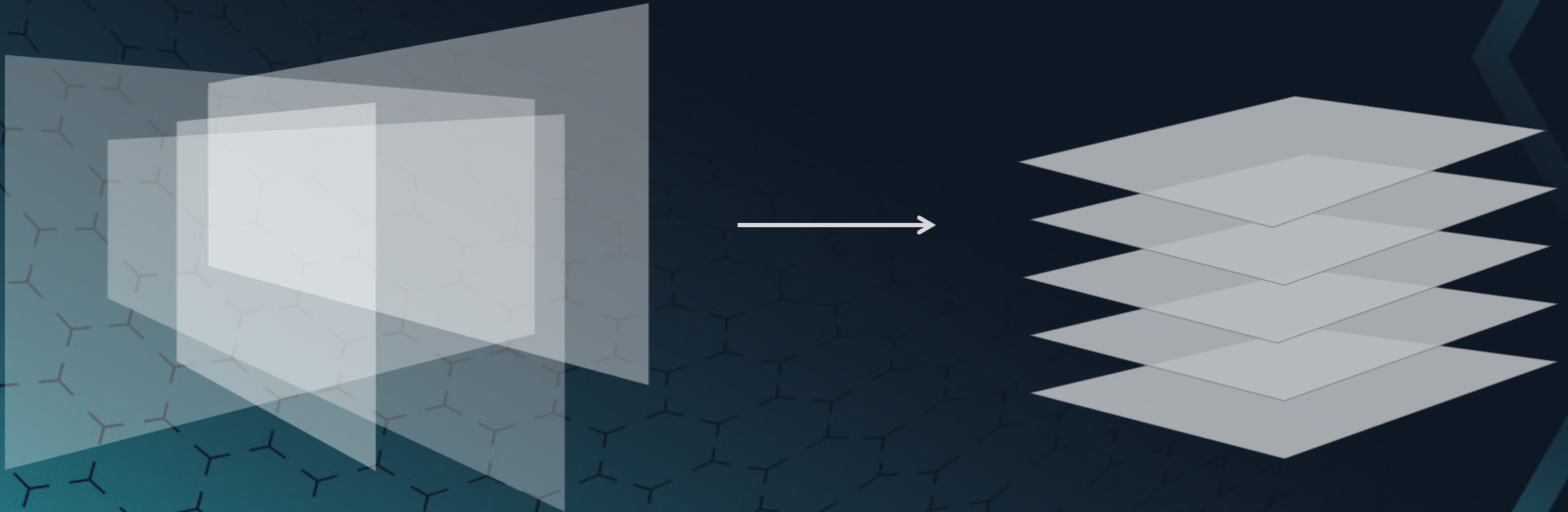
- ⌘ Is my team's strategy correct?
  - ⌘ Distribution of sales
  - ⌘ Average, median and top performer
  - ⌘ Compare my products with competitors
  - ⌘ Future projection

# DESIGN FOR DATA VISUALIZATION



# DATA IS A DESIGN CHALLENGE

- ⌵ Present complicated information clearly
- ⌵ Allow users to access the things they need, when they need them
- ⌵ Support analytical tasks



# DV IS A UX CHALLENGE

## Design

- ⌘ Is less more?
- ⌘ Does “Don’t make me think” work?
- ⌘ Can overwhelming design be an option?



# INTRO TO TASK ANALYSIS

⌘ What does a user actually need from this chart?

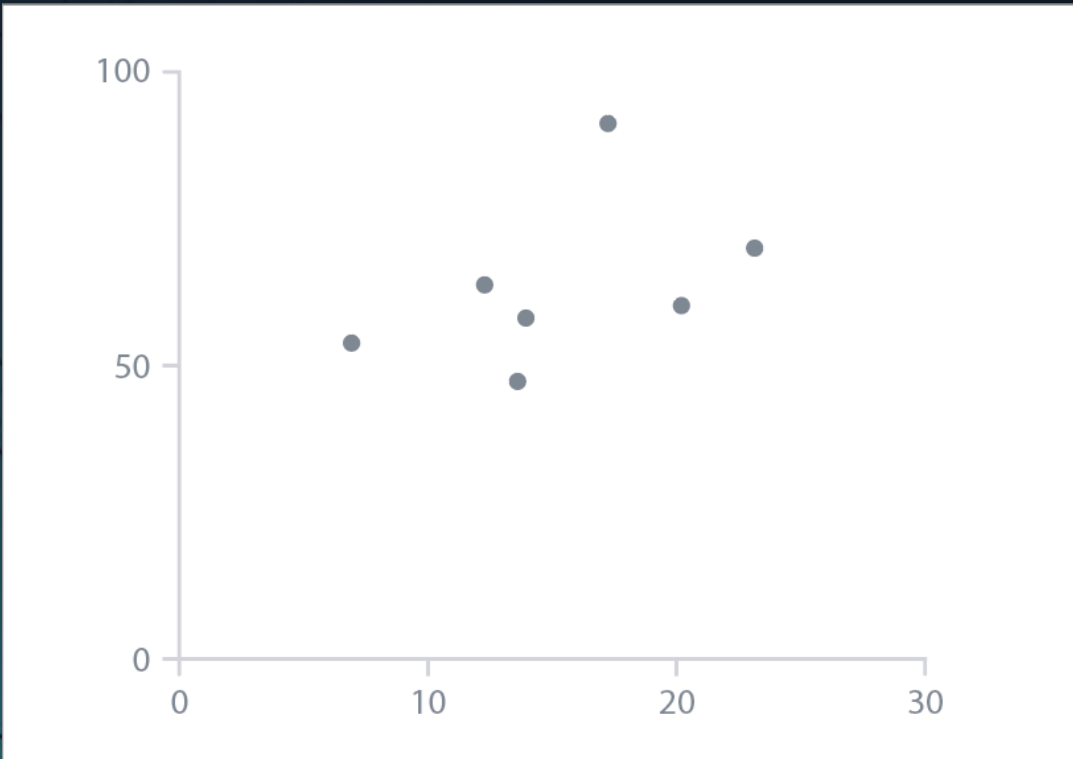


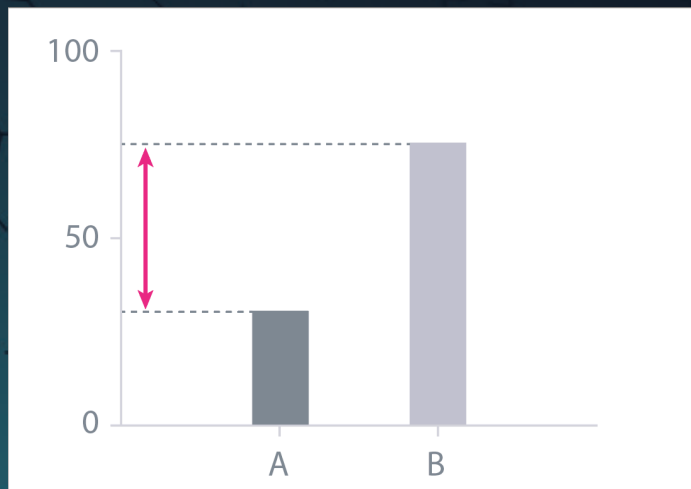
Chart task analysis helps to focus your design efforts on the really critical features of a chart's function and can act as the starting point for building a smart UX design that meets concrete user needs.



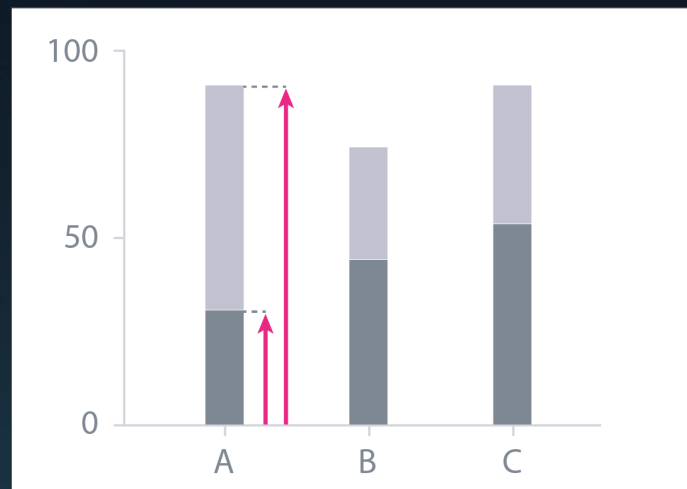
# WHAT DO CHARTS ACTUALLY DO?

- Support user in making visual comparisons between entities
- Types of comparisons:

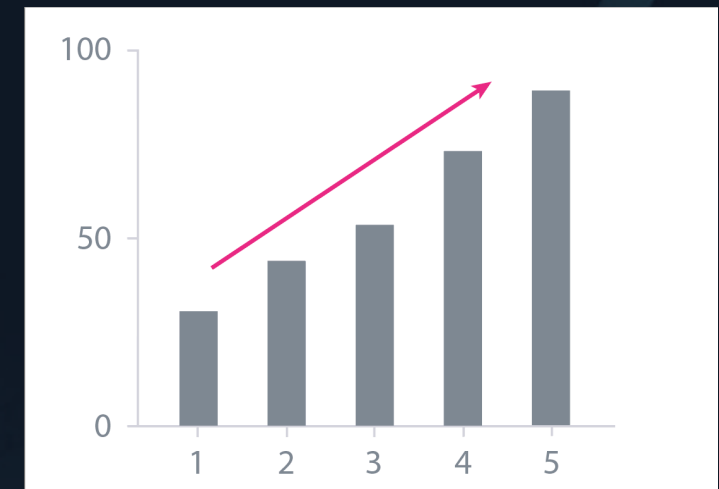
Value/size



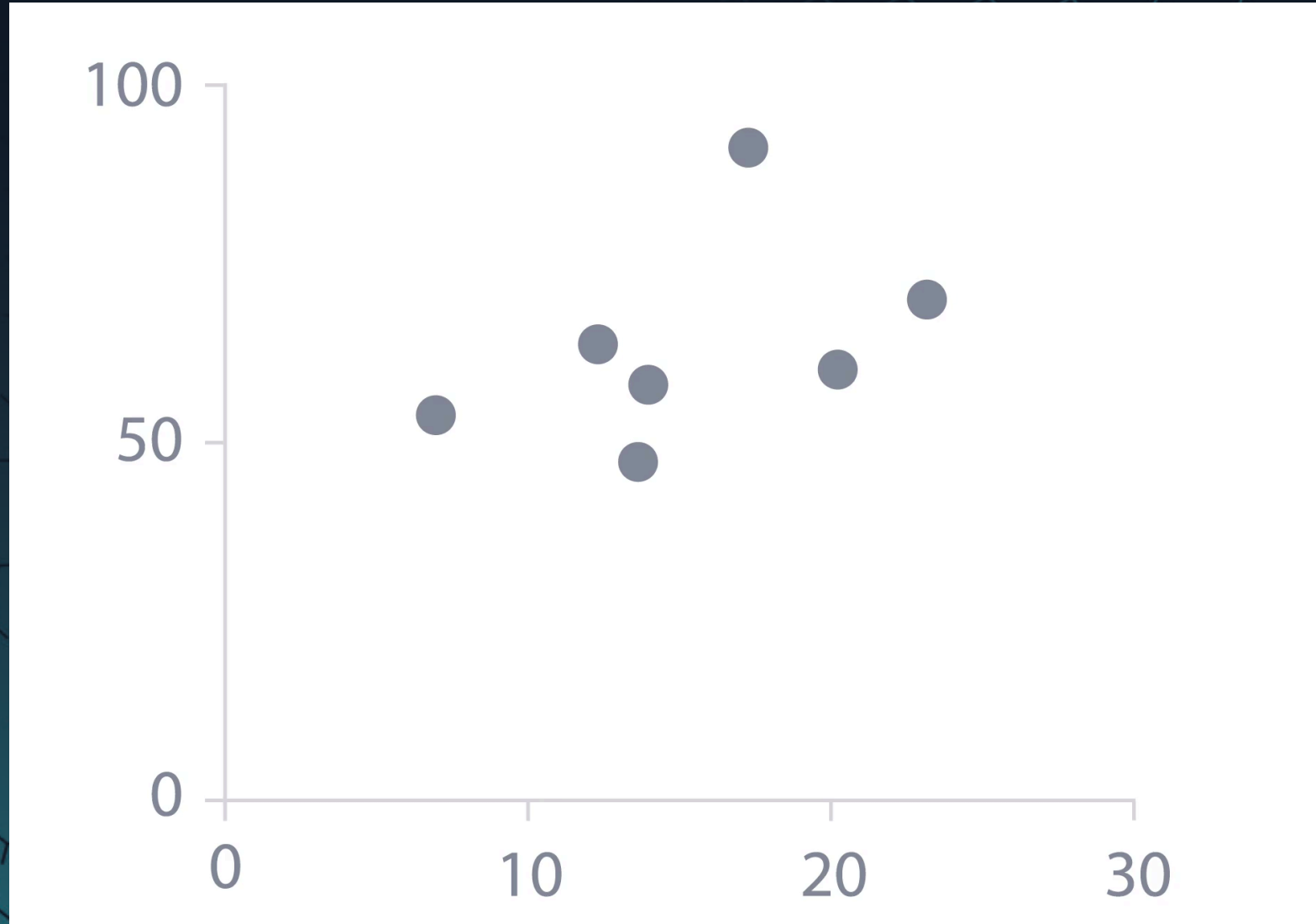
Proportion



Behavior over time

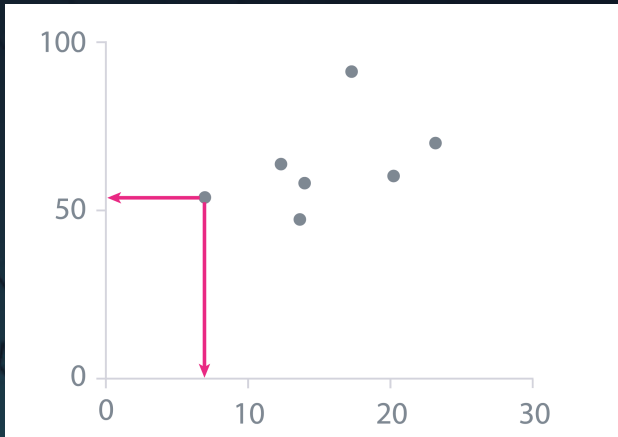


# ONE CHART, MANY TASKS

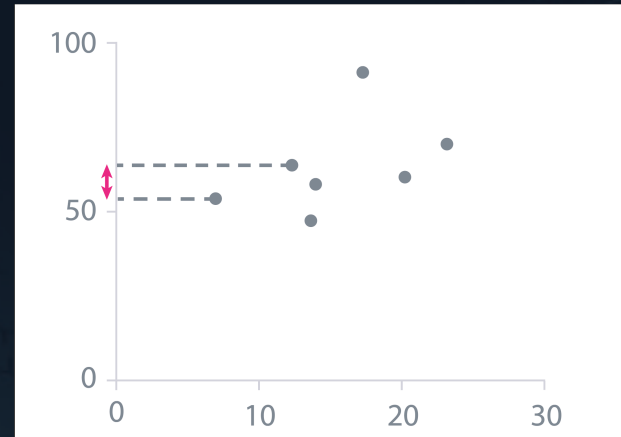


# ONE CHART, MANY TASKS (cont.)

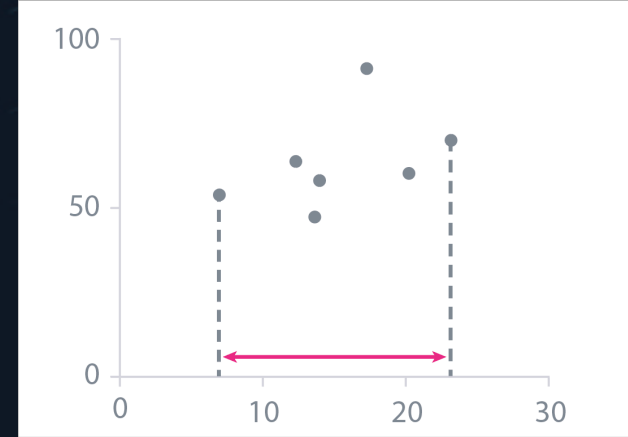
Read value of a point



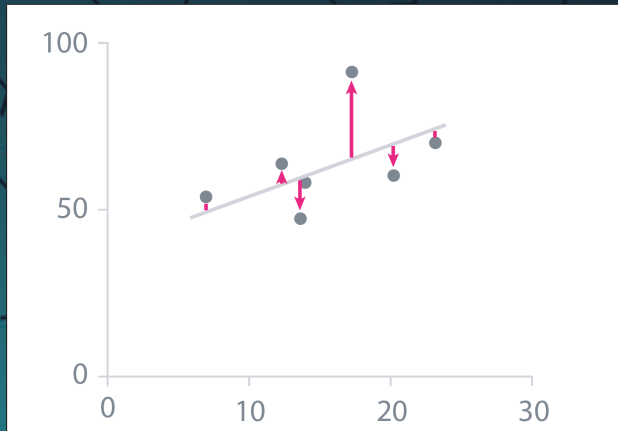
Compare two points



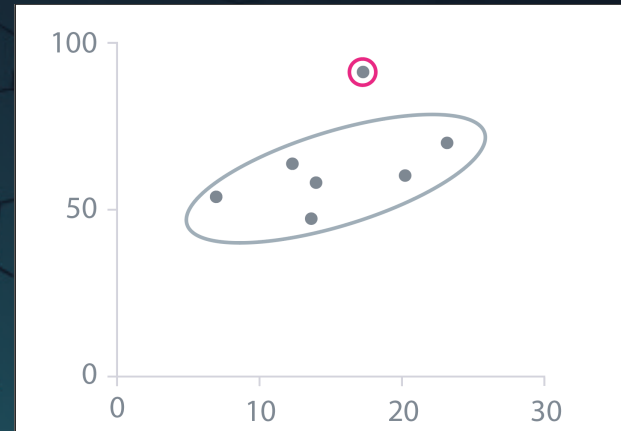
Max and min value in chart



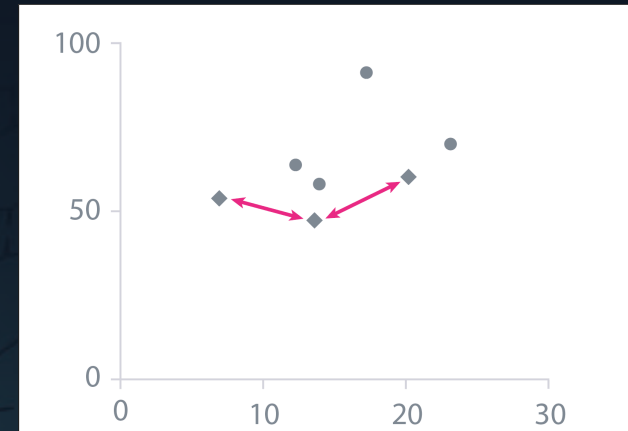
Compare to trendline



Look for outliers



Compare series values

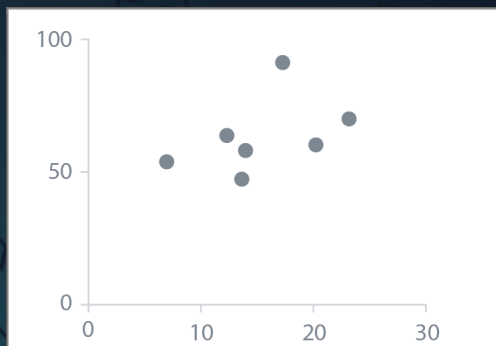




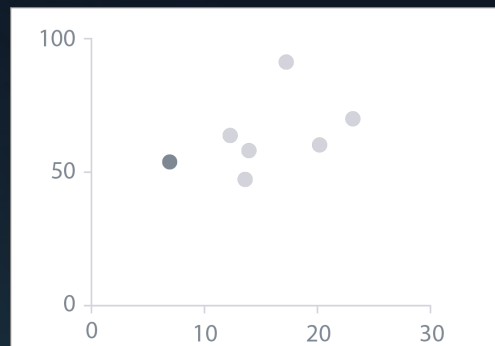
# FUNCTIONAL UI

- Using visual hierarchy to increase understanding
- Designing Interactions to support chart tasks

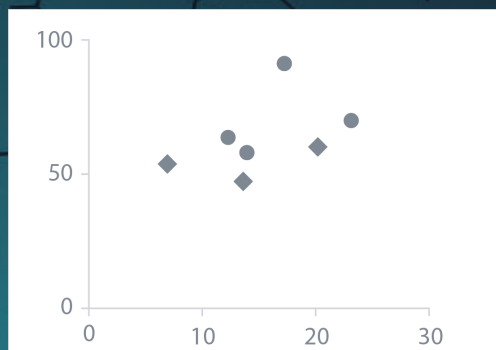
Base chart



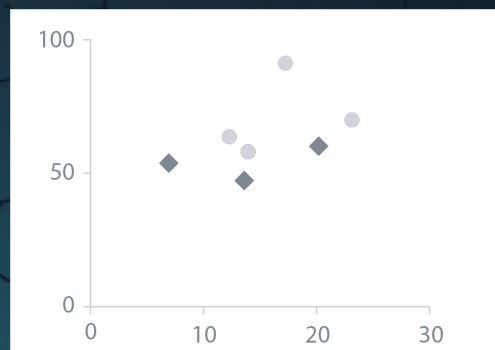
Select a point



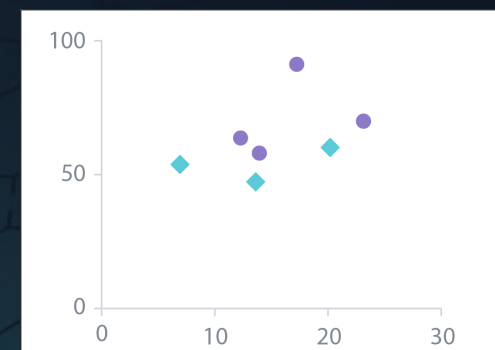
+ Series (symbols)



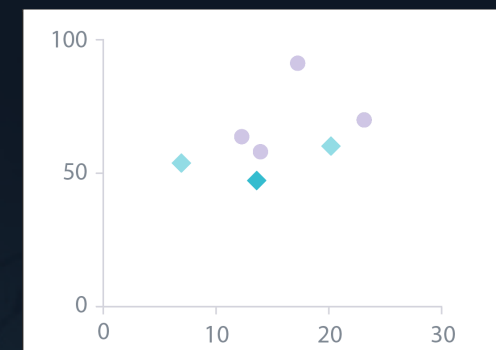
Select a series



+ Series (symb. + color)

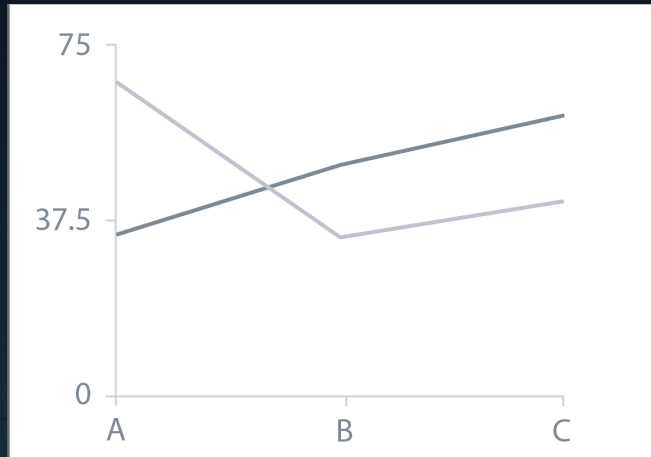


Select point + series

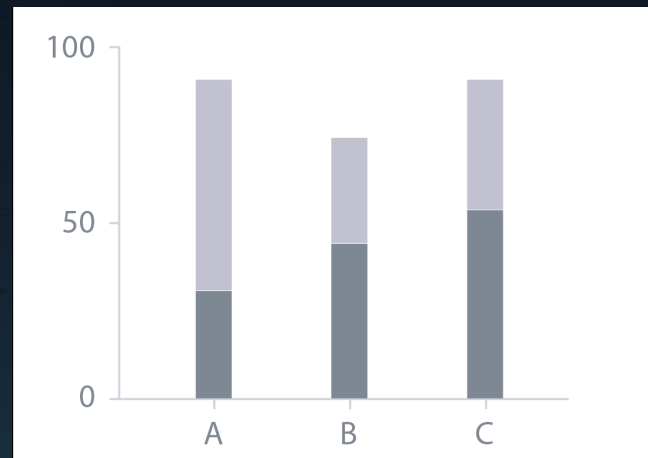
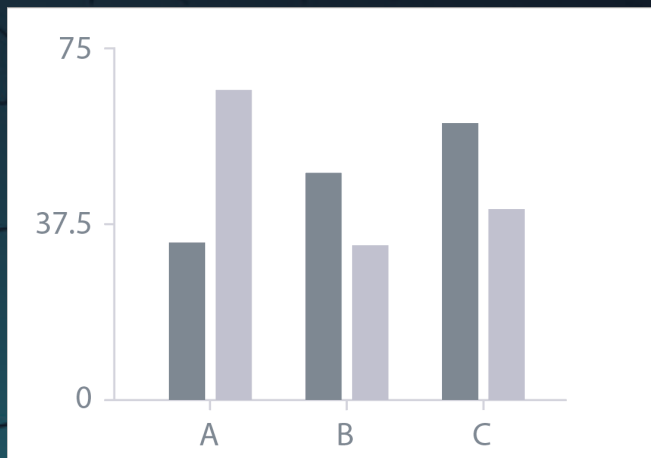
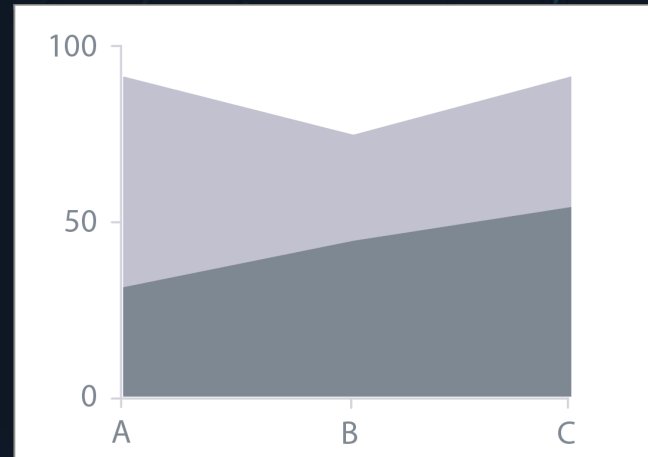


# DIFFERENT CHARTS FOR DIFFERENT TASKS

Absolute representations

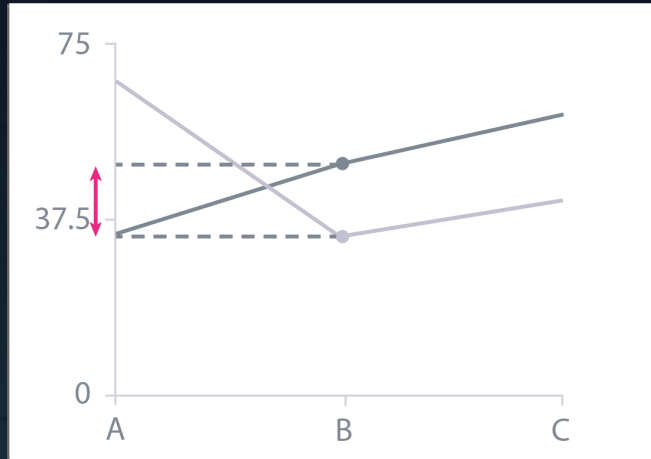


Proportional representations

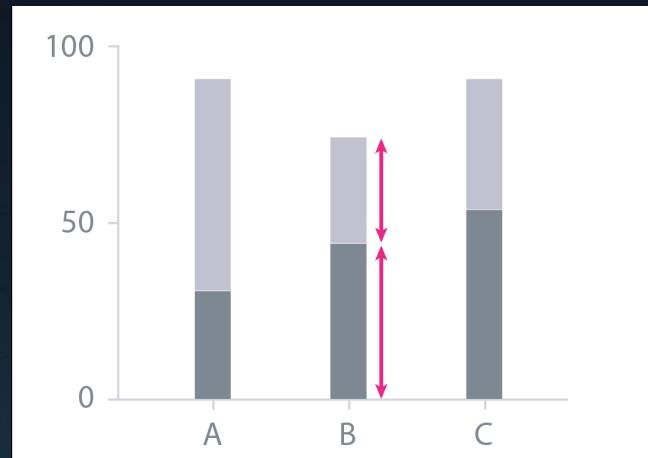
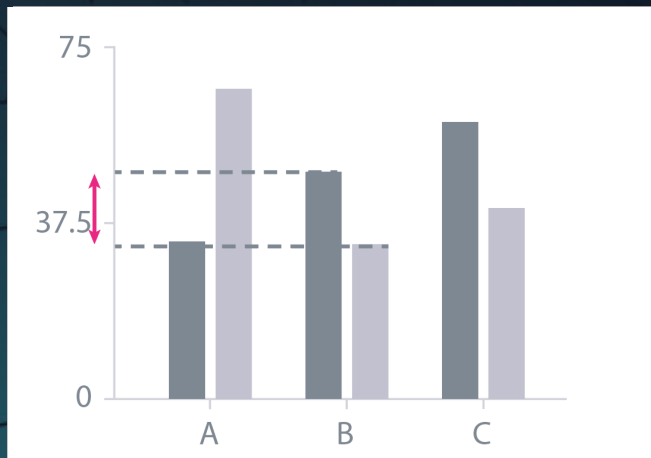
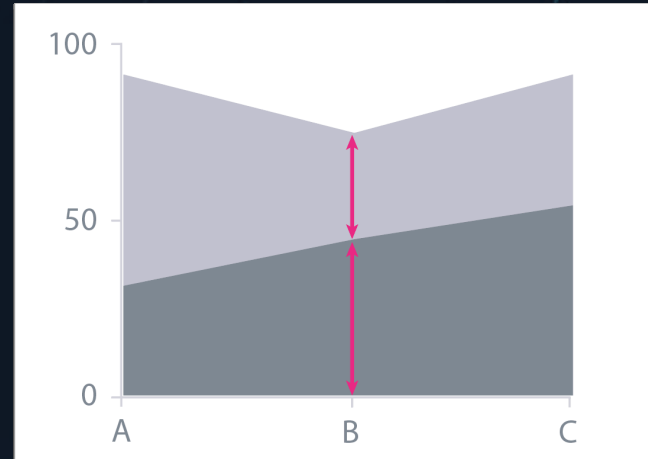


# DIFFERENT CHARTS FOR DIFFERENT TASKS (cont.)

Absolute representations

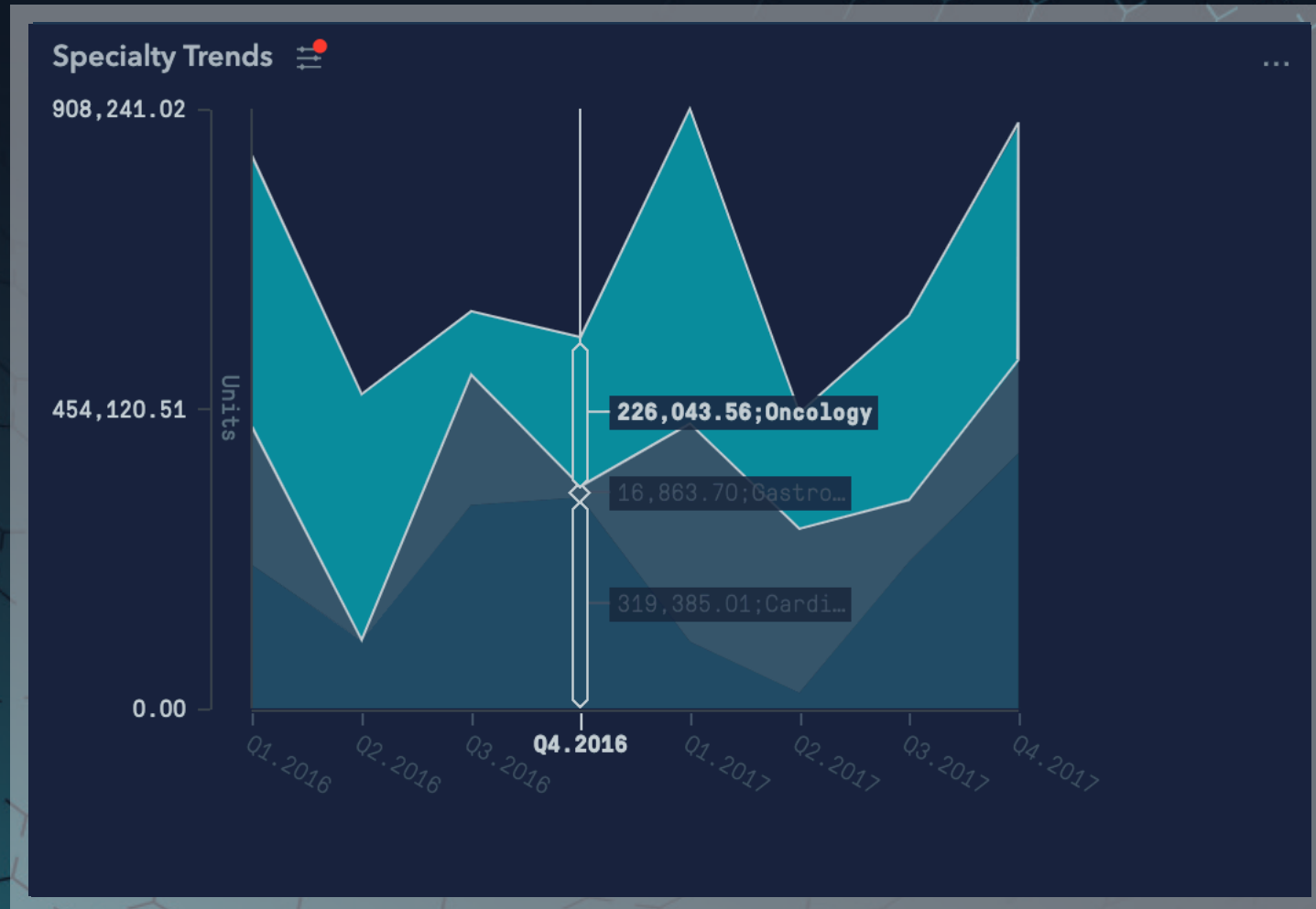


Proportional representations

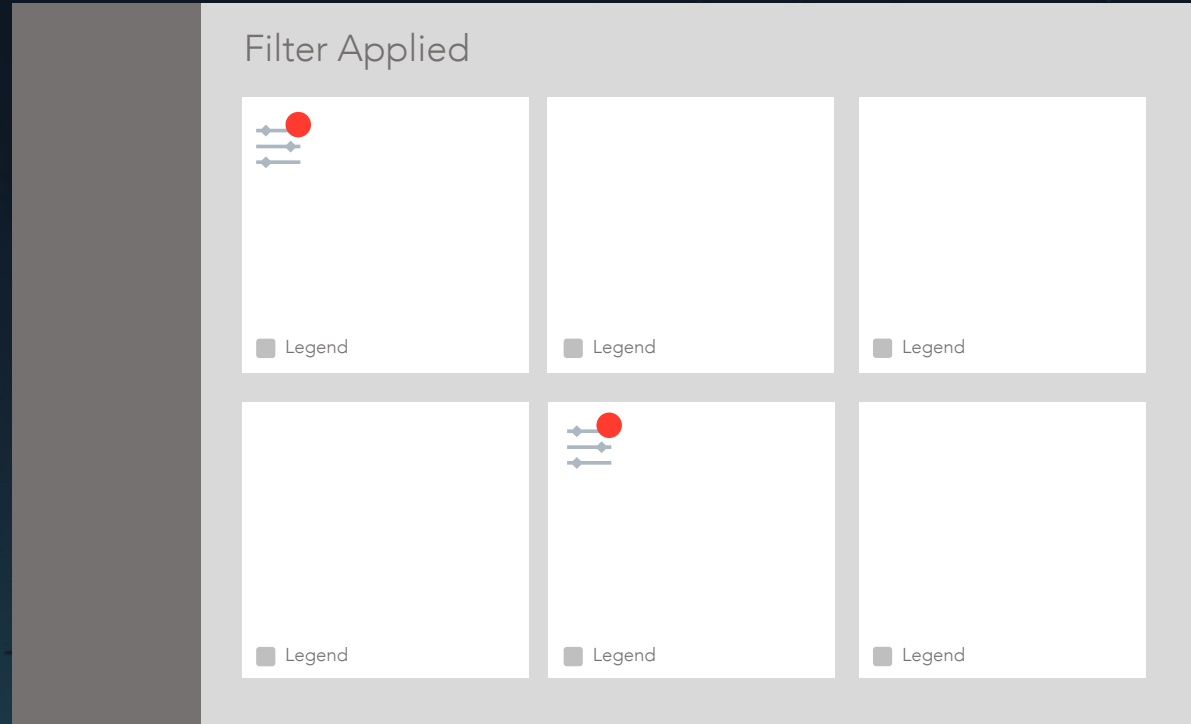




# GRAPHICACY, CAN INTERACTIONS HELP?



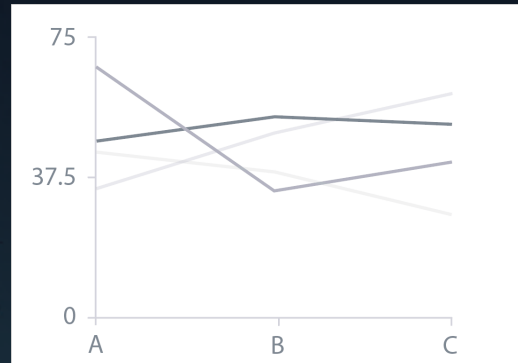
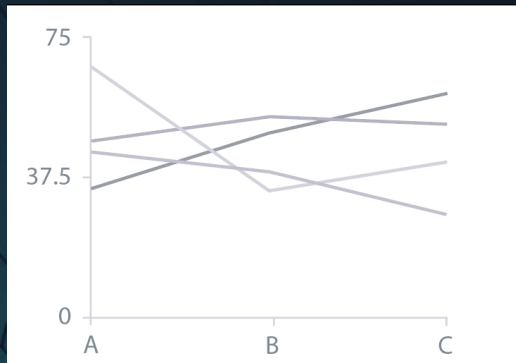
# WHAT IF NO INTERACTION



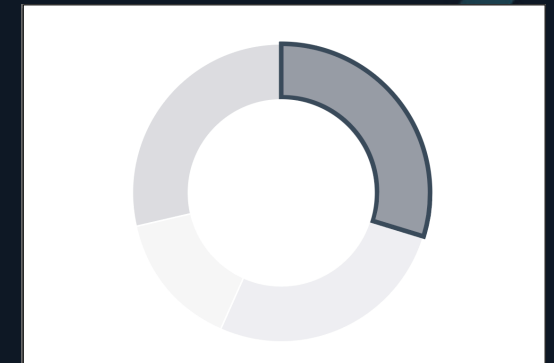
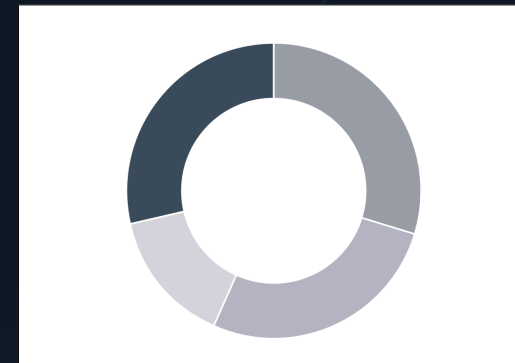
# INTERACTIONS ACROSS CHARTS

- How do we keep interaction design consistent across different chart types?

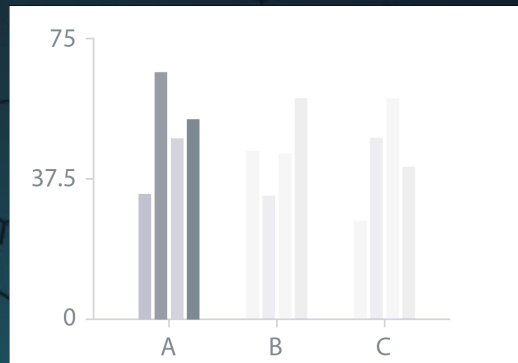
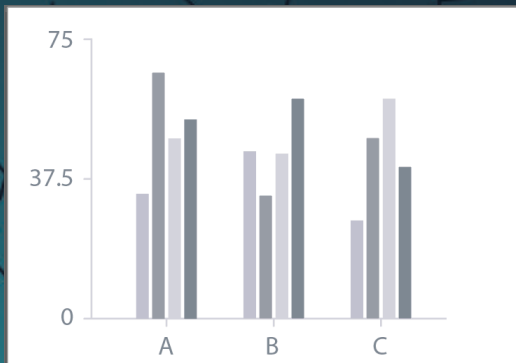
Series multiselect



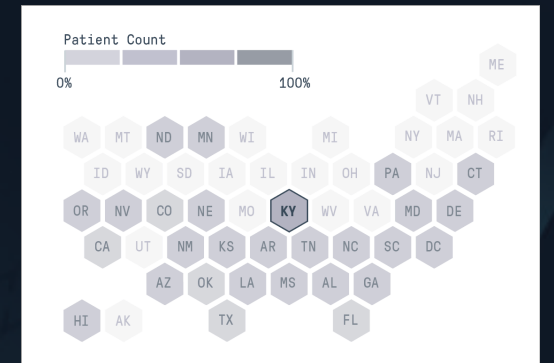
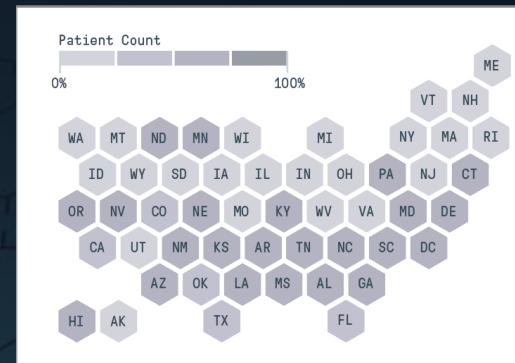
Element select



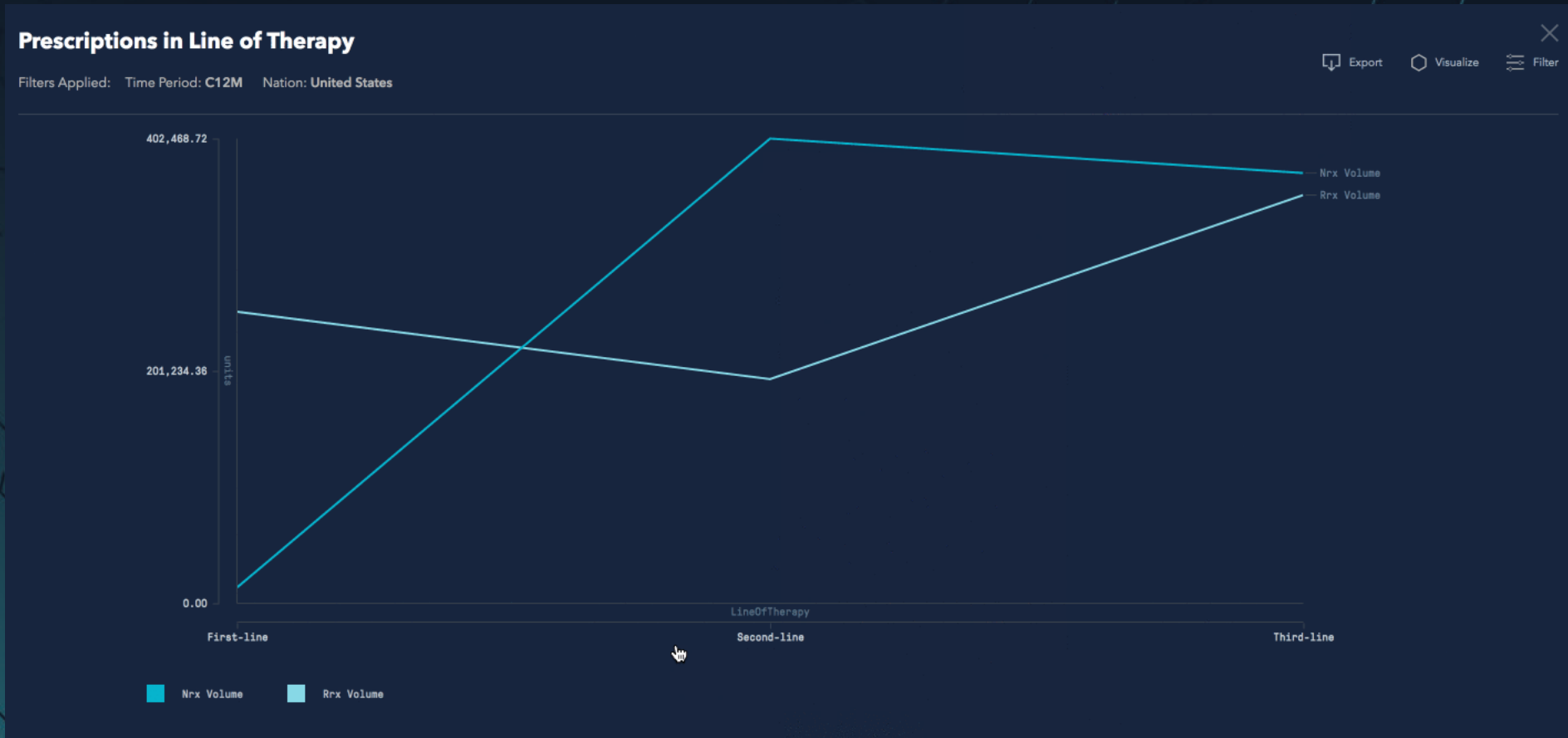
Group select



Element + context select

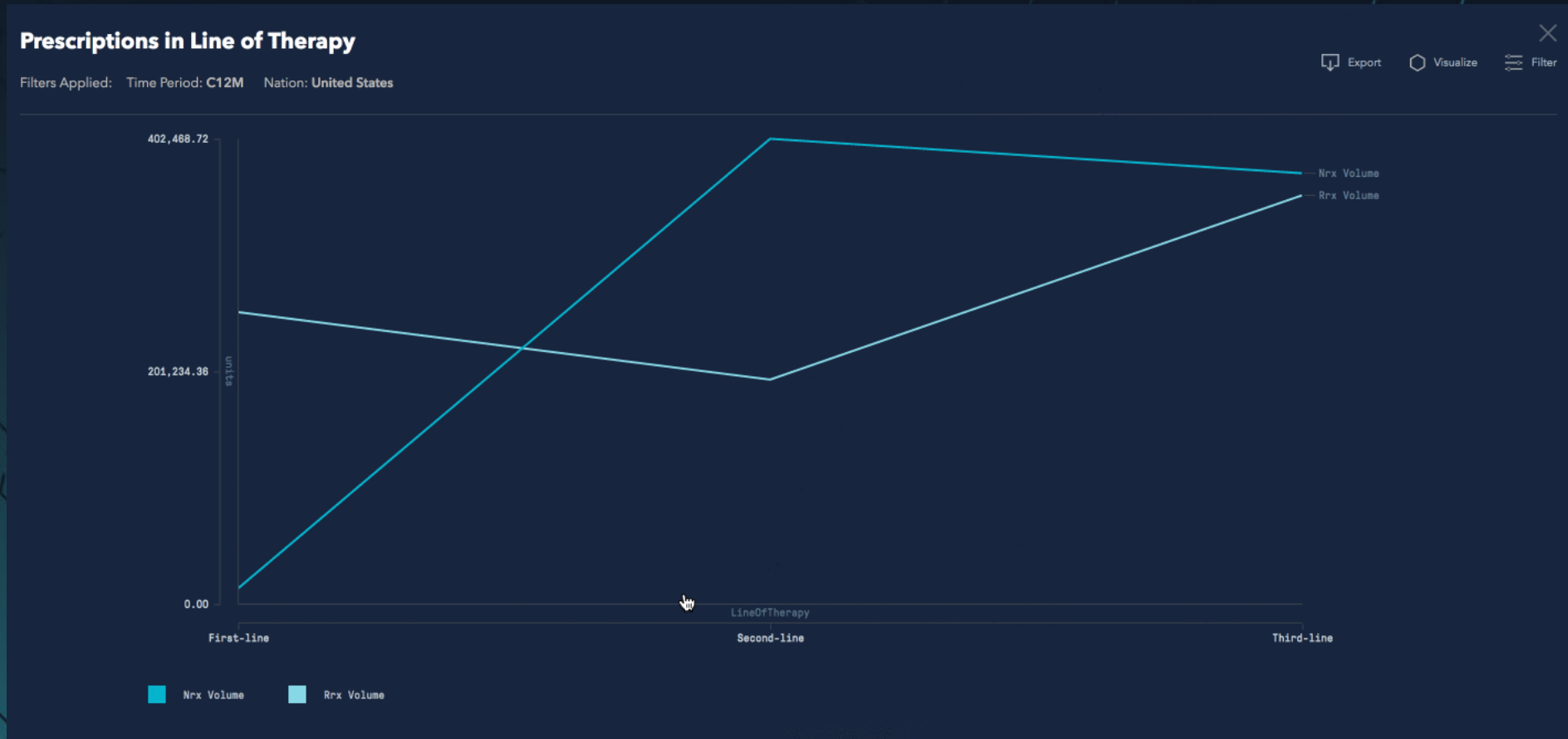


# LINE CHART SELECTION: OPTION 1



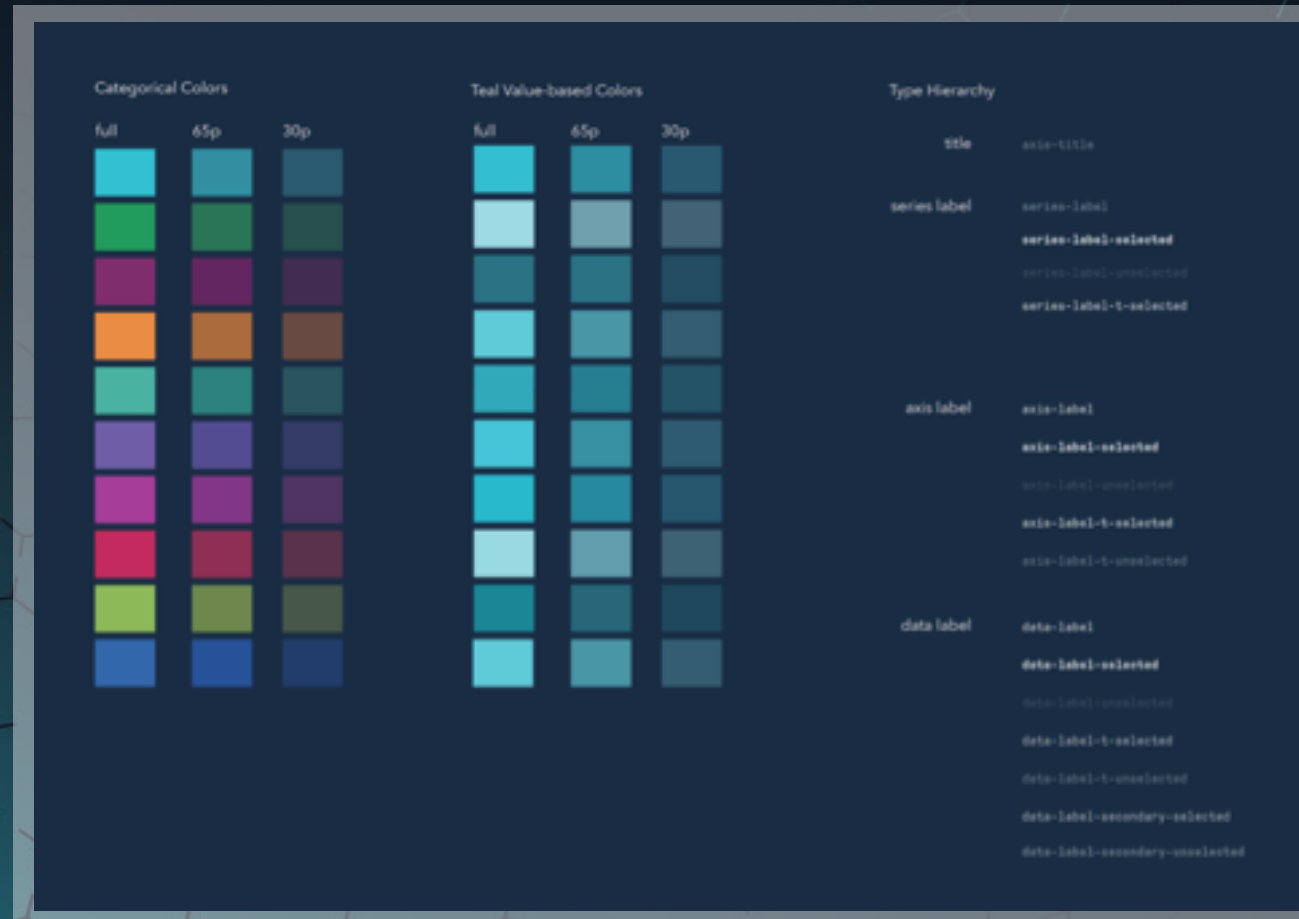


# LINE CHART SELECTION: OPTION 2

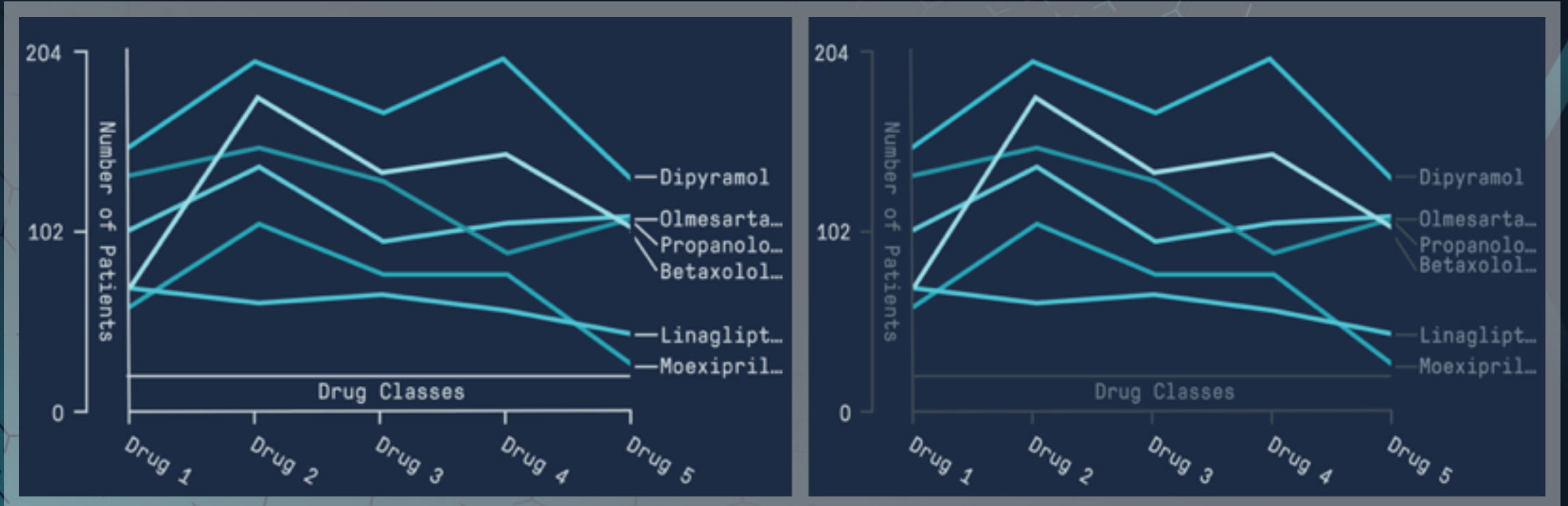


# CHART UI – HIERARCHY & COLOR

- ^ Hierarchy, color, and other UI considerations for thoughtful data displays

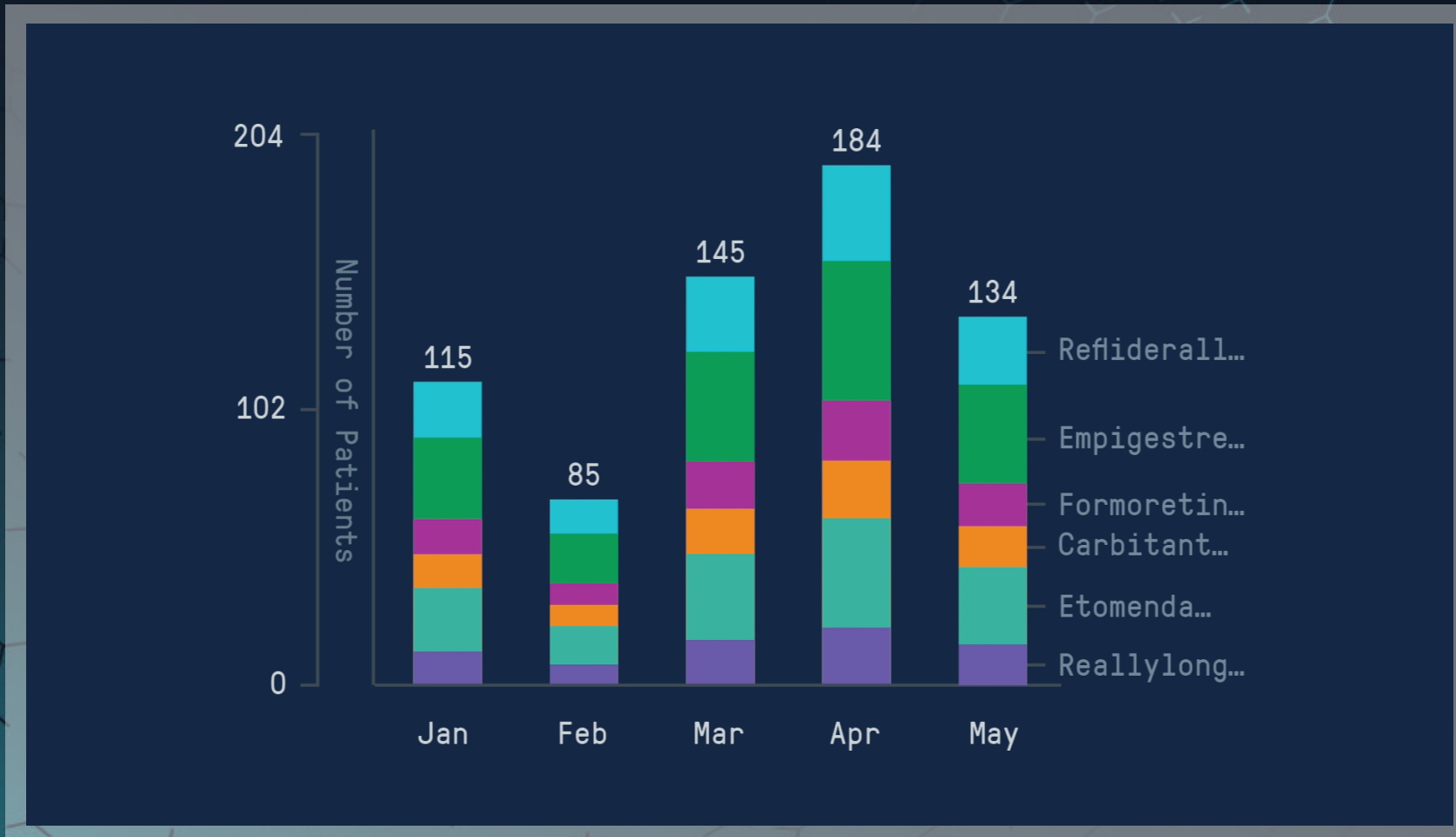


# APPLYING HIERARCHY TO CHARTS



# FUNCTIONAL UI

- Expanding a UI system to support interaction





# APPLYING UI HIERARCHY – INTERACTIONS



# CONCLUSION

# LESSONS LEARNED

## Good data visualization

- ⌞ Is a collaboration between UX, UI and DV.
- ⌞ Focuses on user task.
- ⌞ Is grounded in business goals and engineering technology.
- ⌞ Sometimes re-defines UX rules.

## Design Team recommendations

- ⌞ Start early, and involve all roles.
- ⌞ Stay focused on user personae.
- ⌞ Collaborate to manage competing interests.
- ⌞ Prepare to design within constraints.

# QUESTIONS?



# THANK YOU!

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# APPENDIX

# DESIGN SYSTEMS TO SUPPORT DATA VISUALIZATION

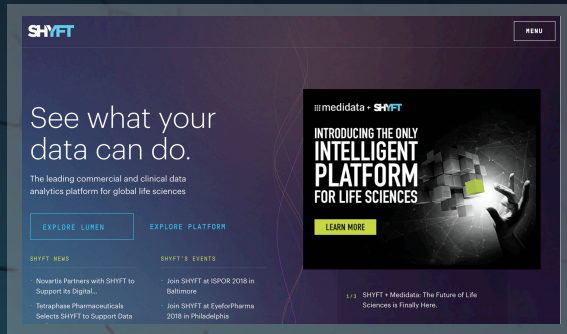
- ⌵ Configuring/selecting a chart (user task)
- ⌵ Chart capacity – guard rails for the kinds of data we can show (based on task and other design limitations)
- ⌵ Interactions (UX)
- ⌵ Chart display
- ⌵ Basic structure/skeleton
- ⌵ Chart colors
- ⌵ Chart UI to support data legibility and interactions styling



# "PICKING COLORS" – DEFINING CONTEXTS FOR USING COLOR

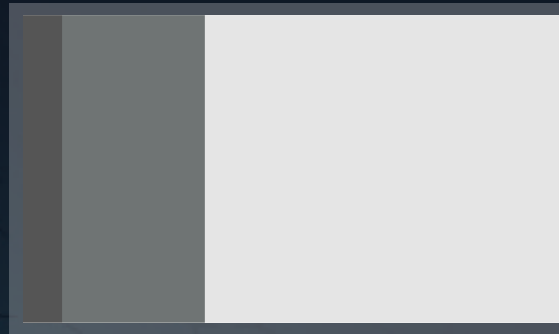
**Business:** Convey identity  
(Brand)

Maintain brand integrity



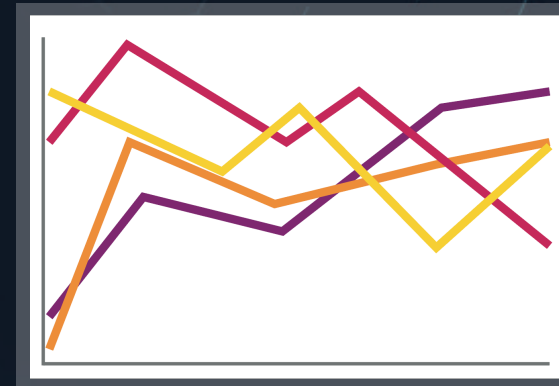
**UX / UI:** Direct Attention  
(App palette)

Support Flow



**Data Vis:** Identify data  
(DV palette)

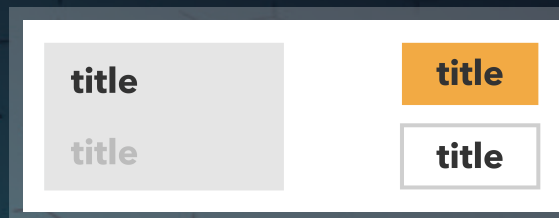
Within a chart



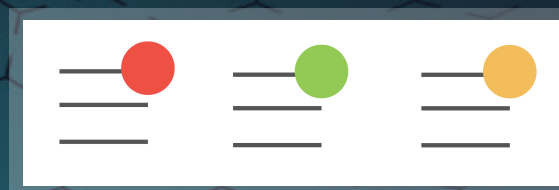
Between charts



Indicate importance



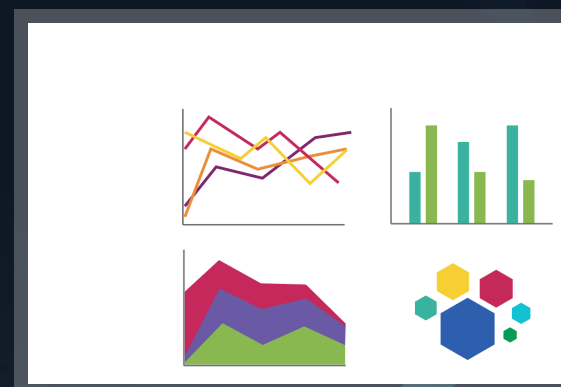
Report status



In relation to UI hierarchy



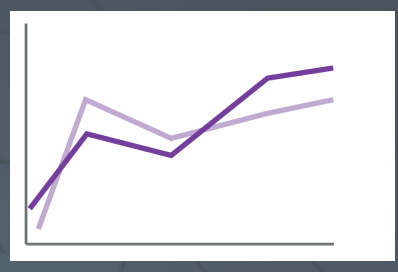
Based on data (global colors)



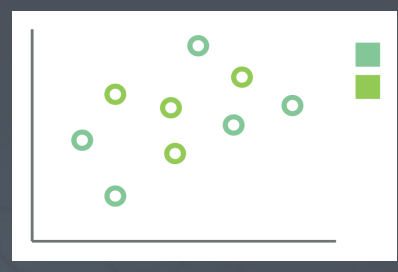


# "PICKING COLORS" – DESIGNING A TECHNICAL COLOR PALETTE

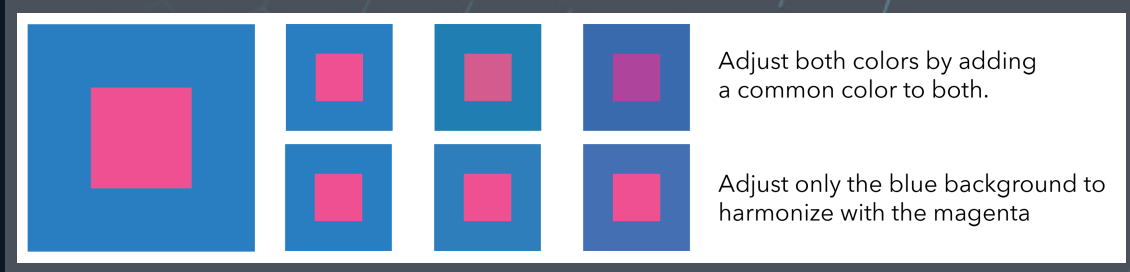
Balanced Value



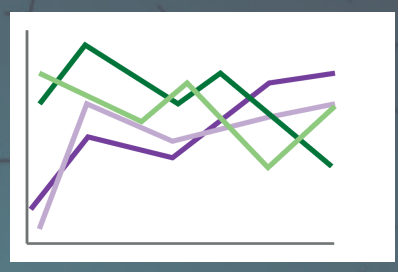
Distinguishable hue



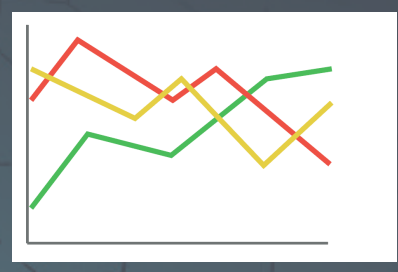
Minimize simultaneous contrast



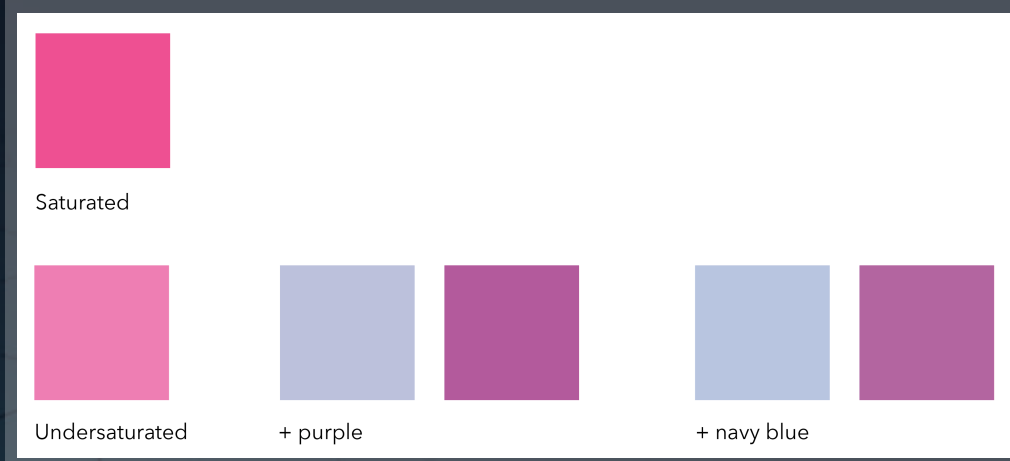
Reduce color groupings



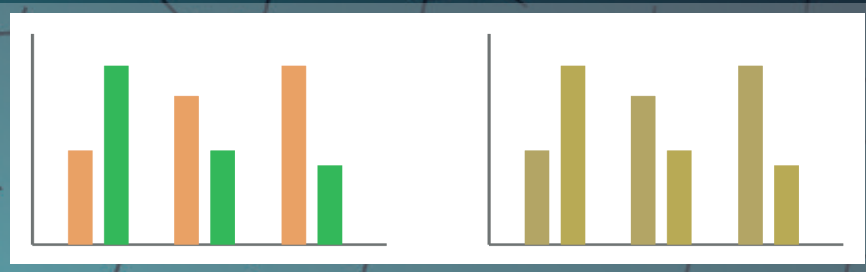
Avoid symbolic meanings



On Brand/Aesthetically pleasing



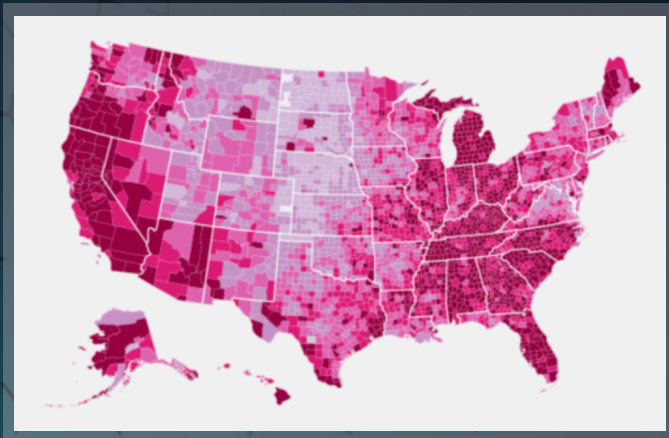
Accessible



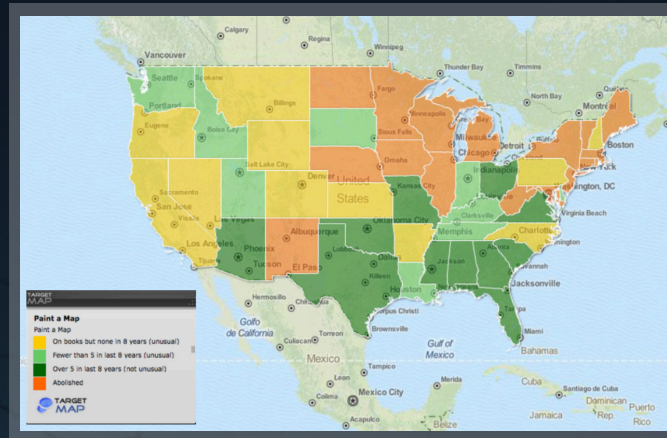
# SEMIOLOGY OF COLOR

Colors can take on different meaning based on how they are applied

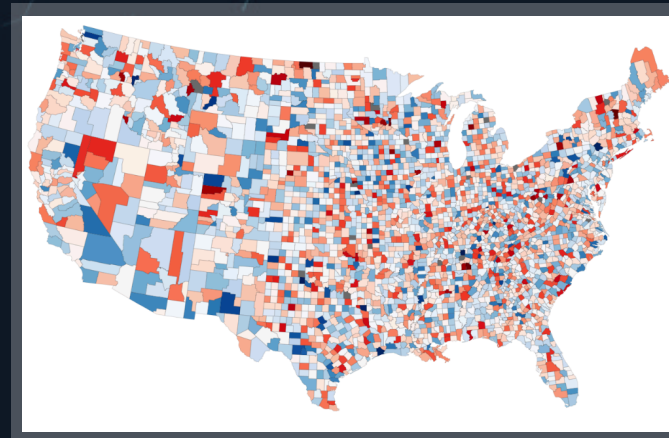
Sequential: Color as value



Categorical: Color as group/label



Diverging: Color as category + value



# COLOR APPLICATION ORDER

Multi-hue

Sequence



Categories



Monochrome

